# SS2030: INTRODUCTION TO CRIME SCIENCE

#### **Effective Term**

Semester A 2024/25

# Part I Course Overview

#### **Course Title**

Introduction to Crime Science

## **Subject Code**

SS - Social and Behavioural Sciences

#### **Course Number**

2030

## **Academic Unit**

Social and Behavioural Sciences (SS)

## College/School

College of Liberal Arts and Social Sciences (CH)

#### **Course Duration**

One Semester

## **Credit Units**

3

#### Level

B1, B2, B3, B4 - Bachelor's Degree

## **Medium of Instruction**

English

## **Medium of Assessment**

English

## Prerequisites

Nil

#### **Precursors**

Nil

## **Equivalent Courses**

SS3300 Criminology

#### **Exclusive Courses**

Nil

# **Part II Course Details**

**Abstract** 

The aim of this course is to expose students to the fundamentals of crime science. Students are provided with a broad understanding of the crime and security problems that we face in the 21st century, and the types of strategies and responses needed to address these problems.

## **Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)**

	CILOs	Weighting (if app.)	DEC-A1	DEC-A2	DEC-A3
1	Describe a range of key concepts in social science theories and appreciate their contribution to criminology and criminal justice.	25	X	X	x
2	Discuss different perspectives for explaining social problems, crime and criminal behaviour.	25	X	х	X
3	Explain the concept of crime science.	25	X	X	X
4	Justify the function and operation of social institutions and law enforcement agencies in responding to crimes.	25	x	X	x

#### A1: Attitude

Develop an attitude of discovery/innovation/creativity, as demonstrated by students possessing a strong sense of curiosity, asking questions actively, challenging assumptions or engaging in inquiry together with teachers.

#### A2: Ability

Develop the ability/skill needed to discover/innovate/create, as demonstrated by students possessing critical thinking skills to assess ideas, acquiring research skills, synthesizing knowledge across disciplines or applying academic knowledge to real-life problems.

#### A3: Accomplishments

Demonstrate accomplishment of discovery/innovation/creativity through producing /constructing creative works/new artefacts, effective solutions to real-life problems or new processes.

## **Learning and Teaching Activities (LTAs)**

	LTAs	Brief Description	CILO No.	Hours/week (if applicable)
1	LTA1: Lectures and Readings	Students will engage with lectures and relevant discussions on criminology.	1, 2, 3, 4	
2	LTA2: Video Watching, Worksheets and Interactive Exercises	Students will engage in reflective writing based on relevant documentaries on crime and offending.	1, 2, 4	

### Assessment Tasks / Activities (ATs)

	ATs	CILO No.	Weighting (%)	Remarks (e.g. Parameter for GenAI use)
1	AT1:Worksheets and Reflection Exercises	1, 2	25	
2	AT2: Term Paper	1, 2, 3, 4	30	
3	AT3: End of Term Summary	1, 2, 3, 4	30	

Ţ.	4	AT4: News Reflection	1, 2, 3, 4	15	
		Report			

## Continuous Assessment (%)

100

#### **Examination (%)**

0

## **Assessment Rubrics (AR)**

#### Assessment Task

News Reflection

#### Criterion

Ability to identify crime related news and to examine said issue with criminological theories and concept

## Excellent (A+, A, A-)

Excellent understanding of underlying issues Excellent reflection of the news with relevant theories

#### Good (B+, B, B-)

Satisfactory understanding of underlying issues Satisfactory reflection of the news with relevant theories

### Fair (C+, C, C-)

Limited understanding of underlying issues Limited reflection of the news with relevant theories

#### Marginal (D)

No understanding of underlying issues Poor reflection of the news with relevant theories

#### Assessment Task

Group Reflective Worksheet

#### Criterion

- 1. Organisation: Refers to format and presentation: logical structure, good use of headings where appropriate# effective presentation.
- 2. Originality: Refers to original thinking, creativity, innovative analysis
- 3. Analysis of results: Refers to the quality, clarity, and depth of the analytical work involved in addressing questions and issues
- 4. Research effort: Includes resourcefulness, effort, and diligence in the search for and presentation of suitable information
- 5. English writing: Grammar, spelling, sentence construction, etc.
- 6. Referencing: Refers to the use of an accurate referencing system, appropriate citations in the essay, and avoidance of plagiarism.

## Excellent (A+, A, A-)

An excellent paper# very good mastery of the ideas or concepts, with excellent or innovative analysis. A is on the edge of this category, but still very good

## Good (B+, B, B-)

A solid paper with reasonably good analysis and use of information.

## Fair (C+, C, C-)

Documentation, analysis, writing, use of concepts, referencing, and effort are mostly adequate for a passing grade, but with enough flaws and shortcomings that it cannot be judged to be "good" or "very good".

### Marginal (D)

Barely a pass. Many serious flaws and shortcomings, but adequate effort and some research

### Failure (F)

does not demonstrate the minimum research effort and documentation# or substantial plagiarism

#### **Assessment Task**

Individual Term Paper

#### Criterion

- 1. Organisation: Refers to format and presentation: logical structure, good use of headings where appropriate# effective presentation.
- 2. Originality: Refers to original thinking, creativity, innovative analysis
- 3. Analysis: Refers to the quality, clarity, and depth of the analytical work involved in addressing questions and issues
- 4. Research effort: Includes resourcefulness, effort, and diligence in the search for and presentation of suitable information
- 5. English writing: Grammar, spelling, sentence construction, etc.
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## Failure (F)

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#### **Assessment Task**

End of Term Summary

#### Criterion

To demonstrate an understanding of crime-related concepts and the ability to apply concepts and theories in their reflective summary

#### Excellent (A+, A, A-)

Excellent understanding of theories and concepts covered in class Demonstrates wider extensive reading and research of related issues

## Good (B+, B, B-)

Satisfactory understanding of theories and concepts covered in class Demonstrates satisfactory reading and research of related issues

## Fair (C+, C, C-)

Limited understanding of theories and concepts covered in class Limited reading and research of related issues

### Marginal (D)

No understanding of theories and concepts covered in class Poor reading and research of related issues

# **Part III Other Information**

# **Keyword Syllabus**

Explain concepts of crime and offender in its definition, nature and perception. Examine different types of crimes with official crime data vs. non-official crime data in its crime rate, patterns and interpreting the crime data. Recognize the crime situation in Hong Kong and examine various perspectives of criminal theories. Indicate different reactions to crime in criminal justice system.

## **Reading List**

## **Compulsory Readings**

	Title
1	Wortley, R., et al., Eds. (2019). Routledge handbook of crime science. London, Routledge.
2	Wortley, R., and Townsley, M. (2017). Environmental Criminology and Crime Analysis. (2nd. Ed). London: Routledge
3	Laycock, G. (2023). Crime, Science and Policing. London: Routledge.

## **Additional Readings**

	Title
1	Bottomley, K., and Pease, K. (1986). Crime and punishment: Interpreting the data. Milton Kenyes: Open University Press.
2	Felson, M., & Boba, R. (2010). Crime and everyday life (4th ed.). LA: Sage Publications, Inc.
3	Clarke, R. V. (1997). Situational Crime Prevention. (2nd Ed). NY: Criminal Justice Press.